Putting Research to Work for Military Families



Observed Relationship Behaviors and Sleep in Military Veterans and Their Partners

Fillo, J., Holliday, S. B., DeSantis, A., Germain, A., Buysse, D. J., Matthews, K. A., & Troxel, W. M. (2017). Observed relationship behaviors and sleep in military Veterans and their partners. *Annals of Behavioral Medicine*, *51*, 879–889. doi:10.1007/s12160-017-9911-3

SUMMARY: Relationship functioning is associated with various aspects of individuals' lives, including sleep quality. This study examined relationship functioning and sleep quality of 35 Veteran couples, a sample which is at risk of relationship and sleep issues. Results indicated that individuals' hostility (e.g., criticism, hostile voice tone) and relationship-enhancing attributions (e.g., attributing negative events to external factors rather than to the partner) were associated with the sleep quality of both themselves and partners.

KEY FINDINGS:

- Participants (both Veterans and civilians)' hostility toward their partner was negatively associated with their sleep efficiency (the efficiency of falling asleep); on the contrary, participants' relationship-enhancing attributions were positively associated with their percentage of Stage N3 sleep (deep sleep).
- The more hostility participants perceived from partner, the less Stage N3 sleep they would have.
- Hostility and relationship-enhancing attributions were not associated with self-reported sleep quality, total sleep time, or percentage of REM (rapid eye movement) sleep.

IMPLICATIONS FOR PROGRAMS:

Programs could:

- Develop workshops for military couples on effective ways to increase their relationship harmony and reduce conflicts
- Disseminate information to Service members regarding ways to increase their sleep quality
- Offer support groups for military couples who are experiencing marital problems so that they can learn from and support each other

IMPLICATIONS FOR POLICIES:

Policies could:

- Raise awareness on military bases regarding the importance of marital functioning on Service members' and military spouses' health
- Recommend education of professionals working with military couples on the associations between relationship functioning and sleep quality
- Encourage marriage education programs that promote relationship-enhancing attributions and reduce hostility in marriage

This product is the result of a partnership funded by the Department of Defense between the Office of Military Community and Family Policy and the USDA's National Institute of Food and Agriculture through a grant/cooperative agreement with The University of Minnesota.







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METHODS

- Participants were eligible for the study if they were married, between the age of 18 and 45 years old, and shared a bed regularly; the method of recruitment was not indicated.
- Each couple's interactions were observed in the laboratory for 15 minutes and coded as hostility or relationshipenhancing attributions, and each individual's sleep quality was monitored at home for two nights; in addition, participants reported subjective sleep quality by completing a questionnaire.
- Data were analyzed to examine the associations between relationship interaction patterns and sleep quality.

PARTICIPANTS

- Participants were 35 heterosexual couples; at least one partner of each couple was a Veteran, and individuals with psychiatric or medical conditions were included in the study.
- The average age of participants was 30.88 years (SD = 5.38), and the race/ethnicity of the participants was not reported.
- The majority of Veterans served in the Army (62%); the military branches of the rest of the Veterans were not reported.

LIMITATIONS

- Participants were all Veteran couples, so caution must be taken to generalize the findings to Active Duty and NGR military families.
- The cross-sectional design of the study made it impossible to understand the causal relationship between relationship functioning and sleep quality.
- Only heterosexual couples were included in the study, so results of the study may not apply to homosexual couples.

AVENUES FOR FUTURE RESEARCH

Future research could:

- Recruit Active Duty Service members and their spouses to examine the association between relationship functioning and sleep quality in military families
- Conduct longitudinal studies to examine the causal relationship between sleep quality and marital quality
- Examine other factors that are associated with Veteran couples' sleep quality

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